



ILLINOIS STATE POLICE

The Illinois State Police (ISP) submits the following 2025 Gun Trafficking Information Act Legislative Report pursuant to the mandates of the Illinois Gun Trafficking Information Act (5 ILCS 830/10-5).

Statement of Legislative Mandate

Effective January 18, 2019, with an amended update on June 9, 2023, the Illinois Gun Trafficking Information Act (5 ILCS 830.10-5) requires the ISP to provide key information, on a regular and ongoing basis, related to firearms used in the commission of crimes in Illinois, including:

- Reports on crimes committed with firearms.
- The number of persons killed or injured in the commission of the crimes.
- The locations where the crimes occurred.
- The state where the firearms used originated.
- The Federal Firearms Licensee that sold the firearm; and
- The type(s) of firearms used.
- Annual statistical information concerning Firearm Owner's Identification Card (FOID) and Concealed Carry License (CCL) applications and revocations.
- Compliance with Section 9.5 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; firearm restraining order dispositions; and firearm dealer license certification inspections.

The ISP uses all reasonable efforts, as allowed by State law and regulations, federal law, and regulations, and executed a Memorandum of Understanding between Illinois law enforcement agencies and the United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, in making the information publicly available; provide the information on its website; and electronically file a report with the Governor and General Assembly. Publicly available on the ISP website is the ISP Gun Trafficking Information Act Dashboard. The dashboard displays internal ISP data that is allowable for public viewing consistent with the requirements listed in 5 ILCS 830/10-58(a).

Recognized Collection and Reporting

All Illinois law enforcement agencies, including the ISP, utilize diverse records management; report writing, and evidence management systems, resulting in the collection of inconsistent; inaccurate, or unreliable data. The lack of a centralized and uniform data collection tool for use by all Illinois law enforcement agencies has made the collection and reporting of all mandated information unattainable. Additionally, a current Memorandum of Understanding between the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives and the ISP, does not allow for dissemination of law enforcement sensitive information to the public and shall not be disclosed to a third party.



ILLINOIS STATE POLICE

2025 Statistical Data Totals

The ISP Firearms Services Bureau has publicly available on the ISP website, statistics consistent with the requirements listed in 5 ILCS 830/10-5 (a).

• FOID New Applications Received:	145,231
• FOID Renewal Applications Received:	47,247
• FOID Applications Approved:	172,477
• FOID Applications Denied:	14,455
• FOID Card Revocations:	6,554
• CCL New Applications Received:	43,571
• CCL Renewal Applications Received:	40,204
• CCL Applications Approved:	40,565
• CCL Applications Denied:	109
• Firearm Restraining Orders Received:	337
• Firearm Restraining Orders Received with FOID:	28
• Firearm Disposition Records Submitted:	32,635
• Firearm Dealer License Certification Inspections:	708
• Clear & Present Danger Reports	10,429
• Clear & Present Danger Reports with FOID	2,316

FOID-RELATED DETAILS & GUN TRAFFICKING PROGRAMS

In 2025, the ISP acquired the Backtrace program. Backtrace equips Division of Criminal Investigation (DCI) personnel and Crime Gun Analysts with data and tools to proactively identify crime guns, track violent offenders, link offenders to crimes, and support local law enforcement statewide in reducing gun violence. This approach aims to open new lines of communication between agencies and close informational gaps when addressing crime guns. The acquisition of Backtrace will augment the ISP's crime gun initiatives discussed below.

The ISP, in collaboration with multiple law enforcement and public safety partners, expanded on a pilot program in central Illinois known as the Central Illinois Crime Gun (CICG) initiative into southern Illinois, creating the Southern Illinois Crime Gun (SICG). The purpose of the CICG and SICG initiative is to facilitate the sharing of all crime gun-related data and information among law enforcement partners to help combat firearm-related violent crime. In addition, the ISP has continued a partnership with the Illinois Attorney General's Office, promoting the crime gun tracing intelligence platform known as Crime Gun Connect (CGC), which remains a tool for accessing and storage of crime gun information available to law enforcement.

In the calendar year 2025, the ISP's seven established DCI zones conducted 1,001 FOID-related details throughout Illinois, placing 4,949 suspended or revoked FOID card holders into compliance. Additionally, the ISP DCI and Division of Patrol (DOP) seized 833 firearms and effectuated 891 firearms-related arrests through various other firearm enforcement-related efforts. (DCI Dashboard)

In 2025, the ISP added 231 additional Automated License Plate Reader (ALPR) cameras throughout the state. Each of the 21 legislatively designated counties, along with DuSable Lake Shore Drive in Chicago, features an ALPR location. The total number of cameras is 757, which has helped reduce interstate shootings, gun trafficking, and enforcement of firearm offenses in Illinois.



ILLINOIS STATE POLICE

For more data related to the requirements of this act, please visit the below public access links:

FOID and CCL Statistical Data

<https://isp.illinois.gov/Foid/Statistics>

ISP Gun Trafficking Information Act Dashboard

<https://isp.maps.arcgis.com/apps/dashboards/585d68de56f94d45b1fb1fb7e1064c7a>